2.-Mineral Production of Canada, calendar years 1933 and 1934-concluded.

Item.	1933.		1934.		P.C. Increase (+) or Decrease (-) in 1934.			
	Quantity. Value.		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.		Value,	
CLAY PRODUCTS AND OTHER STRUCTURAL MATERIALS. Clay Products.		. \$		\$	p.c.		p.c.	
Brick— Soft Mud Process— Face	2,482 12,389	156,769	14,256	76,247 183,585		97·6 15·1	‡	82·7 17·1
Face	19,602 23,894			494,341 424,131		21·4 26·9	++	20·0 19·0
Face M Common M Fancy or ornamental	4,544 3,916			130,392 66,616		32·2 64·5	++	28·8 50·1
brick	630 243 1		307	5,992	∥ +	93·2 26·3	+	$66 \cdot 4 \\ 62 \cdot 3$
Firebrick M Fireclay and other clay tons Kaolin	1,547 1,421	73,226	2,109	101, 219 12, 598	+	36·3 20·6	++	38·2 11·8
Fireclay blocks and shapes. Hollow blocks tons Roofing tile No. Floor tile (quarries)sq. ft. Drain tile M	26,747 20,469 91,495 10,057	1,136 14,297	31, 136 44, 115 80, 356	62,388 244,122 1,852 17,491	+ + -	16·4 115·5 12·2 27·2	1+++1	22.6 52.5 63.0 22.3 19.0
Sewer pipe, copings, flue lin- ings, etc	- - 55 -	354,458 202,500 1,363 16,510	- 63	436, 433 223, 733 1, 578 13, 628	1	- 14·5 -	+++1	23 · 1 10 · 5 15 · 8 17 · 5
Totals, Clay Products	_	2,262,835	_	2,680,410		_	+	18.5
Other Structural Materials.					 			
Cement brl. Lime tons Sand and gravel " Slate. "	3,007,432 323,54 11,738,822 256	4,536,935 2,432,30(4,464,285 3,75	368,113	5,667,946 2,745,797 4,035,477 4,802	+	25 · 8 13 · 8 26 · 5 195 · 2	+ + - +	24·9 12·9 9·6 28·1
Stone— Granite	256,723 2,572,911 10,897 99,043		3,747,779 13,783	·	- + +	22·0 45·7 26·5 16·3	+ + + +	15·0 47·4 5·4 32·0
Totals, Other Structura! Materials	·	14,433,852		16,606,351		-	+	15 · 1
Totals, Clay Products and Other Structural Materials	_	16,696,687		19,286,761		-	+	15.5
Grand Totals (Canadian Funds)	-	221,495,253		278, 161, 590		_	+	25 · 6

Volume of Mineral Production in Recent Years.—An interesting comparison of the mineral production of the two years 1933 and 1934, as to quantities and values, is furnished in Table 3.

The percentage increase or decrease in quantity production of the individual minerals is shown in Table 2, above, but, owing to the many different units in which the quantities of different minerals are expressed, the total volume of production from year to year is difficult to compare, while the wide variations in prices make comparisons of total values misleading. Table 3 constitutes an attempt to overcome these difficulties by working out what the values would have been in the later year if prices had remained the same as in the earlier, thus obtaining the increases or decreases due to changes in quantity alone; these are shown in the last column.